

# Abims<sup>4</sup>

## Cluster Initiation

Cycle de formation 2015

16 / 06 / 2015

Alexandre Cormier

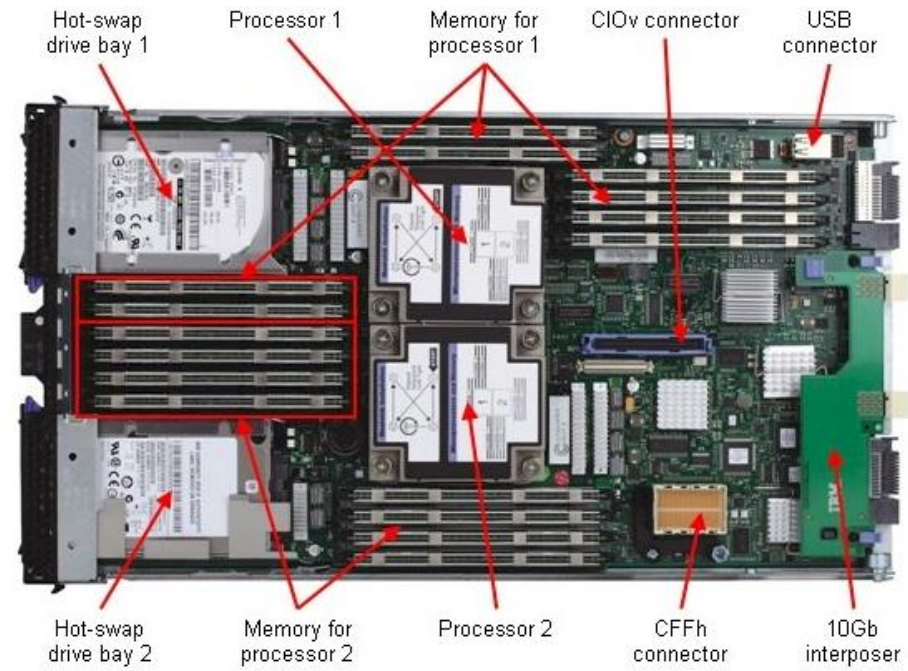
Camille Vacquié

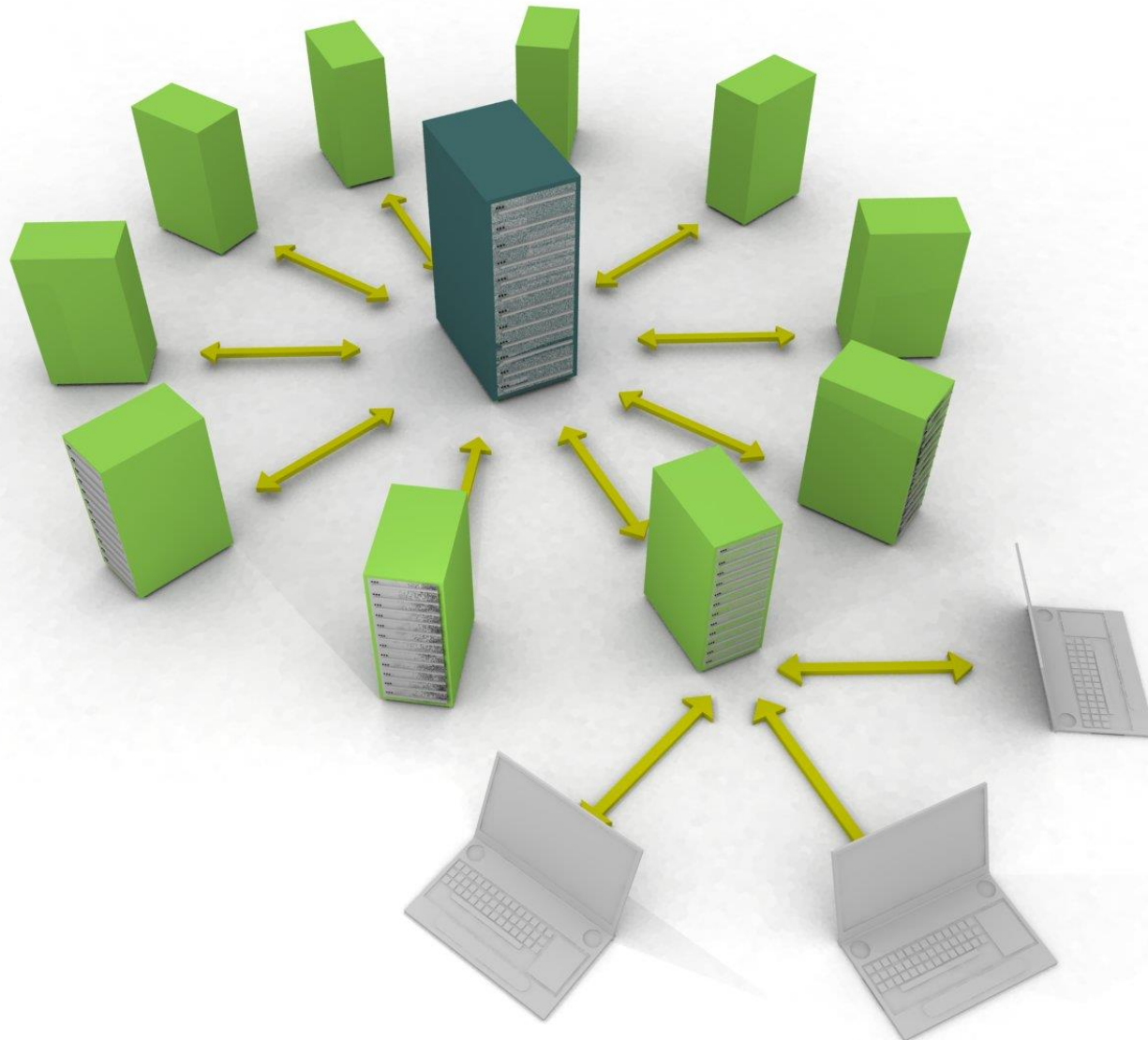
**UPMC**  
SORBONNE UNIVERSITÉS



- Aggregation of computers / machines
  - Machine = node
- Distributed computing + shared access
- Transparent management for users
- Community system → rules!



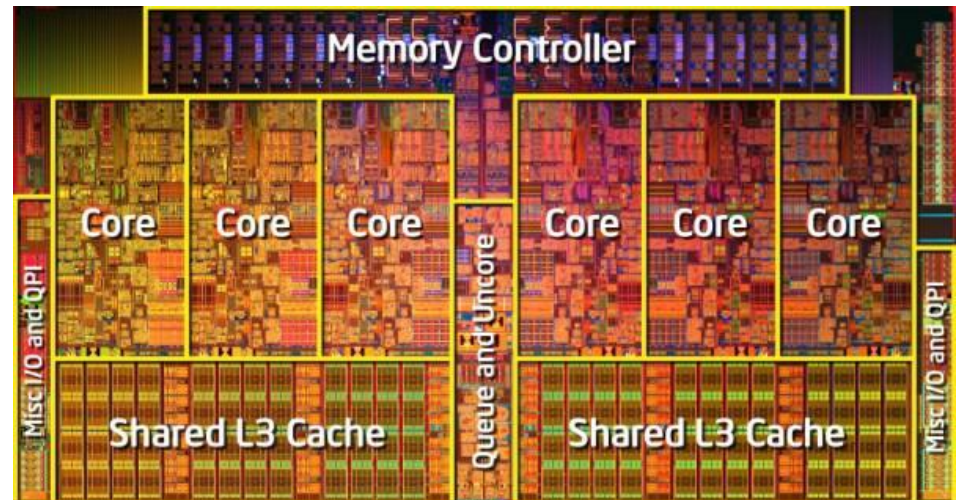




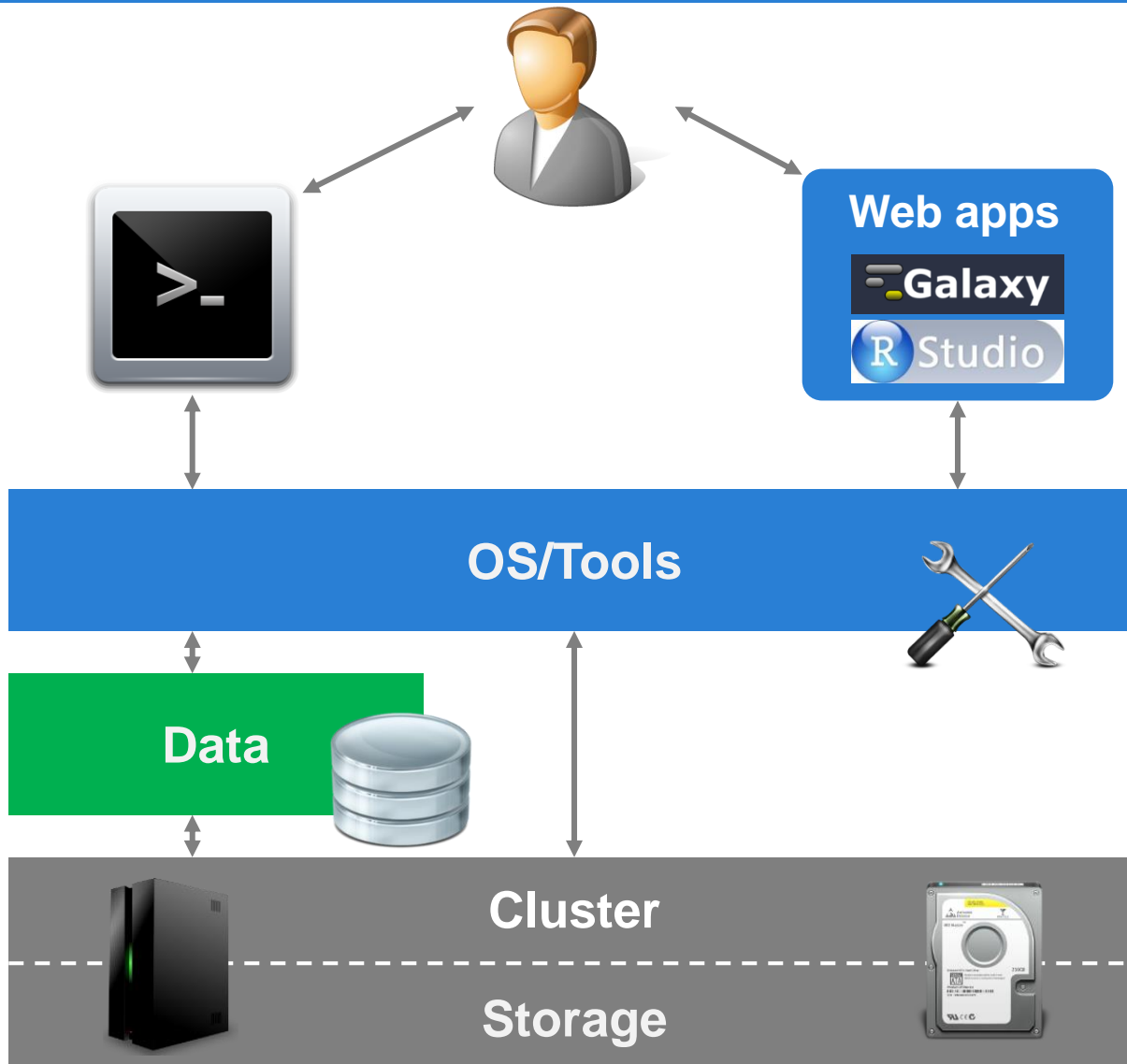
- Distribution
  - Make a job as atomic as possible
  - Simple and robust
  - Linear gain
  
- Generate independent tasks
  - Split the data
  - Change parameters

- Thread

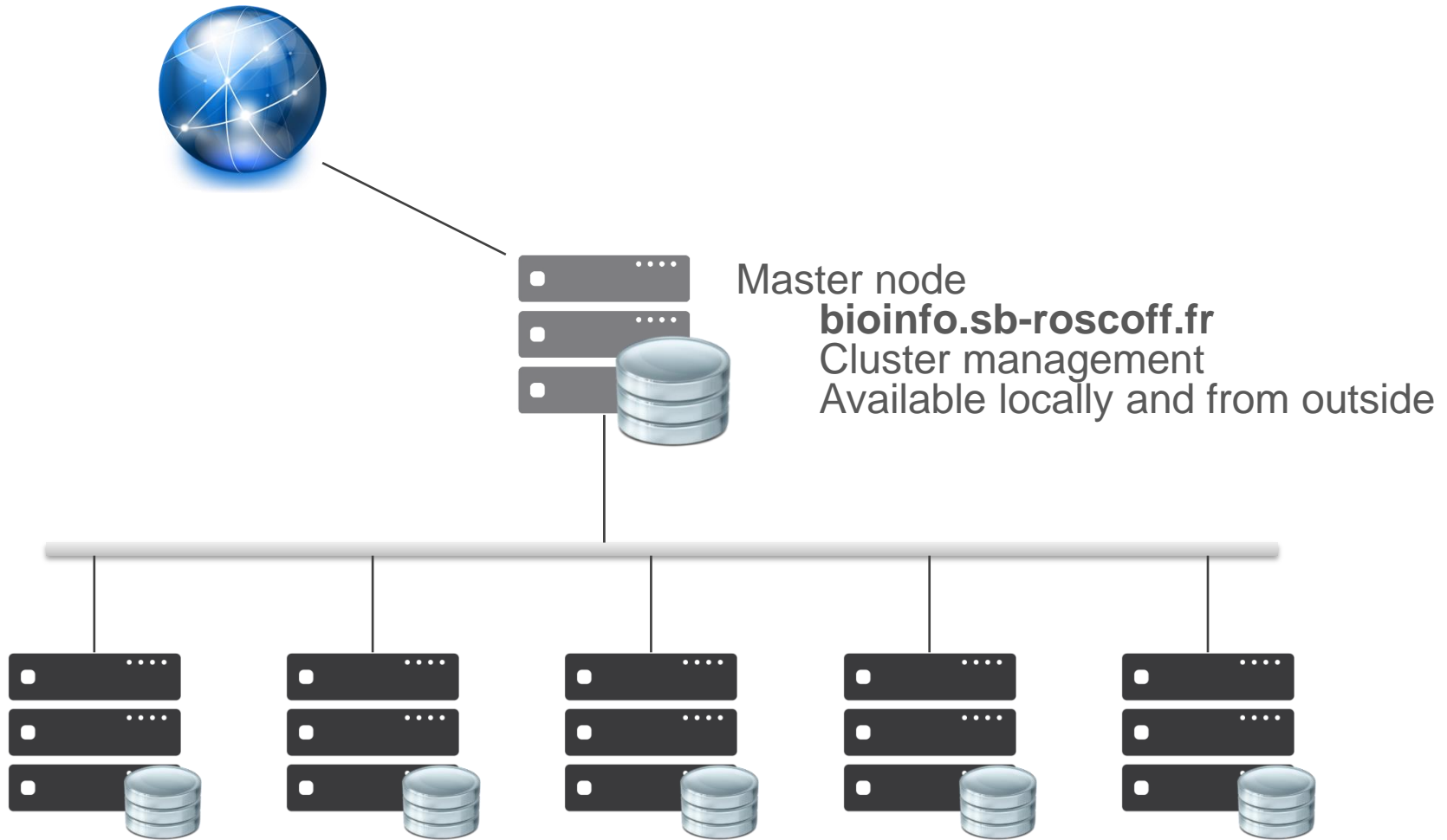
- Tasks running on the same machine but on several CPU or core
- Shared memory
- Nonlinear gain
  
- Ex: Tophat, CLC, Blast,...



- MPI (Message Parsing Interface)
  - Tasks are running on different machines
  - Communication between tasks over the network
  - Variable gain. Nonlinear in general
  - Ex: PhyML-MPI, ClustalW-MPI







- 16 nodes 8 core 2.4 Ghz / 32 Go RAM
  - n60 - n75
  - Group @blade
- 4 nodes 48 core 2.2 Ghz / 256 Go RAM
  - n76 - n79
  - Group @bignode
- 16 nodes 16 core - 32 threads / 128 Go RAM
  - n80 – n95
  - Group @intel22
- 1 node 40 core / 1To RAM
  - n99



- Personal data
- Shared data:
  - By team / group
  - By UMR
  - For a community
  - Public data
- Databank
  - Genbank, Uniprot, InterPro banks, etc.
  - Format : Blast, FASTA, EMBL, etc.
  - Private & Public



## Projet

- per person
- by team
- by subject



## Home

- only for connexion (Environment variable)



## DB

- Databank (Blast, Genbank, Interpro...)



## Galaxy

- import
- export





**Projct**



**Partial backup**



**Home**



**Partial backup**



**DB**



**No backup**



**Galaxy**



**No backup**



**Scratch**



**20 To**

**Space for all the primary analysis - generated huge amount of temporary/useless files**

- **Mutualised storage** between all users
- Data are **not backed up**
- All files older than **30 days** are automatically **deleted**

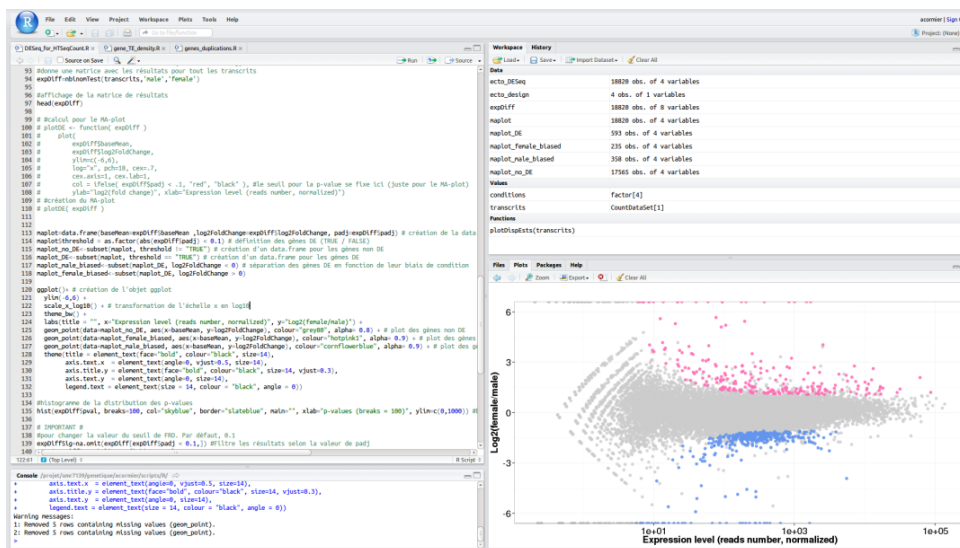
- Command-line
  - Knowledge in Unix / Bash
  - Integrated in computer resources and storage



```

acormier@n0:/tmp
drwx----- 2 root      root      16384 avr 15  2009 lost+found
srwxr-xr-x  1 caron     sib      0 oct 30  2012 mapping-caron
srwxr-xr-x  1 corre    sib      0 avr 18 14:08 mapping-corre
srwxr-xr-x  1 ewcorre   lbm     0 jun 25 15:37 mapping-ewcorre
srwxr-xr-x  1 jkervellec  sib     0 fév 22 13:52 mapping-jkervellec
srwxr-xr-x  1 jmaroumougom sib     0 nov  3  2011 mapping-jmaroumougom
srwxr-xr-x  1 ndebs      lbm     0 jun 28 15:11 mapping-ndebs
srwxr-xr-x  1 root      root     0 avr 17  2009 mapping-root
srwxr-xr-x  1          5000    root     0 avr 28  2009 mapping-toto
drwx----- 2 llegrand   inra    4096 jui  5 10:28 mozilla-media-cache
drwxr-xr-x 258 hfcollector application 20480 jui  6 04:48 ODV_hfcollector
drwx----- 3 nhenry    eppo    4096 jui  2 13:43 openmpi-sessions-nhenry@n0.sb-roscoff.fr_0
drwx----- 2 acormier  genetique 4096 mai  3 20:57 orbit-acormier
drwx----- 2 cock      genetique 4096 avr  7 13:18 orbit-cock
drwx----- 2 corre     sib      4096 jun 24 09:58 orbit-corre
drwx----- 2 ewcorre   lbm     4096 jui  3 13:50 orbit-ewcorre
drwx----- 2 gdm      gdm     4096 avr  5 18:30 orbit-gdm
drwx----- 2 hfcollector application 4096 jui  4 10:16 orbit-hfcollector
drwx----- 2 lecorguille sib      4096 jun 20 02:48 orbit-lecorguille
drwx----- 2 llegrand   inra    4096 jui  5 10:35 orbit-llegrand
drwx----- 2 mhoebeke  sib     4096 jun 25 13:30 orbit-mhoebeke
drwx----- 2 ndebs      lbm     4096 jun 28 16:17 orbit-ndebs
drwx----- 2 stage02   stage   4096 mai 13 10:40 orbit-stage02
drwx----- 2 wcarre    sib     4096 jun 20 09:53 orbit-wcarre
srwxr-xr-x  1 ewcorre   lbm     0 nov 10  2011 OSL_PIPE_6108_SingleOfficeIPC_eebd8121e860c31ca9a23ed86a44ce
drwxr-xr-x  4 root      root    4096 sep 30  2009 perl5
drwxr-xr-x  2 acormier  genetique 4096 jun 25 15:58 perl_formation
drwxr-xr-x  2 mhoebeke  sib     4096 jun 25 11:45 phyloclusters
srwxr-xr-x  1 root      root     0 avr 11  2012 sfcblLocalSocket
drwxr-xr-x  5 root      root    4096 fév 20  2010 sge
-r-----  1 root      root     3066 mai 23  2011 shadow
-rw-r--r--  1 root      root   10978 jui  5 23:00 stat_sge.txt
drwxr-xr-x  3 root      root    4096 jun 26  2012 toto
[acormier@n0 tmp]$
    
```

- Web interface
  - Galaxy
  - R-studio: dedicated to R



<http://r.sb-roscoff.fr/>

**Galaxy / ABiMS**

Analyze Data Workflow Shared Data Visualization Help User

Tools search tools

**Online**

- 30-04-13: RNASeq : DESeq is now available for RNASeq expression data with reference (with gtf input).
- 26-04-13: RNASeq : DESeq is now available for denovo RNASeq expression data (without gtf input).
- 26-04-13: RNASeq : samCounts is now available to count the reads coverage by transcript. It's also a requirement for DESeq denovo.
- 26-04-13: Metabonomic : Workflow Metabonomic by ABiMS, updated to version 20130418

**Get Data**

ABiMS WORKFLOWS

- Workflow RNA-seq de novo by ABiMS
- Workflow RNA-seq with reference by ABiMS
- Workflow Metabonomic by ABiMS

ABiMS TOOLS

- Primer
- RNASeq
- InterEs!
- Utils
- Debug

COMMON TOOLS

- Text Manipulation
- Filter and Sort
- NCBI BLAST+
- NGS: QC and manipulation
- NGS: RNA Analysis
- NGS: Mapping
- NGS: Picard (beta)
- NGS: SAM Tools

Workflows

- All workflows

**Abims**<sup>4</sup>

Analyses and Bioinformatics for Marine Science

CNRS UPMC  
 Station Biologique Roscoff

History

TopHat Cufflinks  
 340.7 MB

17: Cuffmerge for HTSeq-count on data 15: merged gtf for HTSeq-count  
 3,745 lines, 2 comments  
 format: gtf, database: 2  
 Warning: could not parse ID or Parent from GFF line: chr22.Cufflinks.transcript.16123031.16123280.1000...CUFF11  
 Warning: could not parse ID or Parent from GFF line: chr22.Cufflinks.transcript.16123420.16123801.1000...CUFF22  
 Warning: could not parse ID or Parent from GFF line: chr22.Cufflinks.transcript.16123420.16123801.1000...CUFF22  
 Warning: could not parse ID or Parent from GFF line: chr22.Cufflinks.transcript.16123420.16123801.1000...CUFF22

15: Cufflinks on data 12: assembled transcripts  
 5,469 lines  
 format: gtf, database: 2  
 cufflinks v2.0.2 cufflinks-g  
 --no-update-check-t1300000-f  
 0.100000-j0.150000-p4

1.Sequence 2.Source 3.Feature 4.Ste

chr22 Cufflinks transcript 16123  
 chr22 Cufflinks exon 16123  
 chr22 Cufflinks transcript 16123  
 chr22 Cufflinks exon 16123

1.Sequence 2.Source 3.Feature 4.Ste

chr22 Cufflinks transcript 16123  
 chr22 Cufflinks exon 16123

Galaxy is an open, web-based platform for data intensive biomedical research. The Galaxy team is a part of BX at Penn State, and the Biology and Mathematics and Computer Science departments at Emory University. The Galaxy Project is supported in part by NHGRI, NSF, The Huck Institutes of the Life Sciences, The Institute for CyberScience at Penn State, and Emory University.

<http://galaxy.sb-roscoff.fr/>





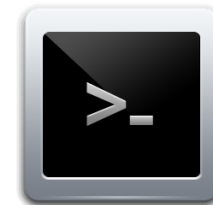
- Account
  - <http://abims.sb-roscoff.fr/account>
  - [support.abims@sb-roscoff.fr](mailto:support.abims@sb-roscoff.fr)

- Email

- X11 terminal
  - Windows: Putty & Xming
  - Mac OS & Linux: integrated

- Text editor
  - Vim, nano, gedit, emacs...

- SFTP client



```
$ ssh -Y acormier@bioinfo.sb-roscoff.fr # -Y → for graphic flux redirection
```

```
$ ssh -Y acormier@bioinfo.sb-roscoff.fr # -Y → for graphic flux redirection
```

```
Last login: Thu May 30 17:17:46 2013 from 192.168.4.162
```

```
Plateforme ABIMS (Analysis and Bioinformatics for Marine Science)
```

```
Le cluster de calcul est désormais en production
```

```
*****
```

```
IMPORTANT:      Le serveur N0 ne doit pas executer de traitement  
                Utiliser systematiquement les nodes de calcul SVP
```

```
*****
```

```
Merci de signaler a l'alias support.abims@sb-roscoff.fr d'eventuels problemes
```

```
*****
```

```
Important : Travaillez imperativement sur /projet  
            - performances  
            - non dependances du /home (brazil)  
            - volumetrie
```

```
Voir : http://abims.sb-roscoff.fr/faq
```

```
*****
```

When I'm connecting, I arrive in my:



**Home**

```
$ pwd #print working directory  
  
/home/umr8227/ga/acormier
```

**Not for storage / computing**

I have to go in:



**Projet**

To store raw data, final results and scripts

```
$ cdprojet #alias for fast moving in my project directory  
$ pwd  
  
/projet/umr8227/ga/acormier
```

- Structuration:
  - by team: /projet/umr8227/ga/acormier
  - by subject: /projet/abims/ectocarpus
- Shared between all nodes
- Available from outside

I have to work in:



Scratch

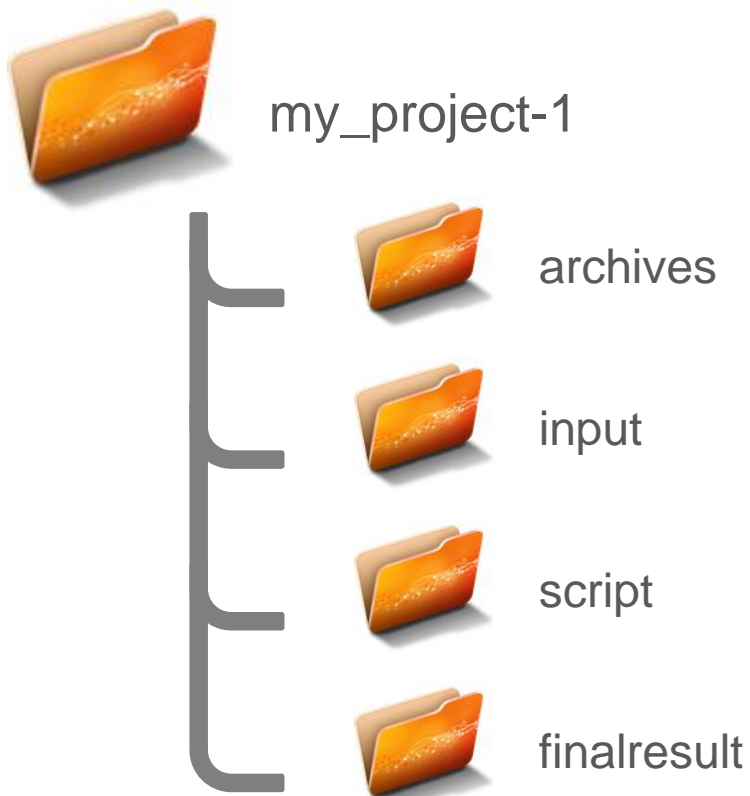
For all analysis

```
$ cdscratch  
$ pwd
```

```
/projet/umr8227/ga/acormier
```

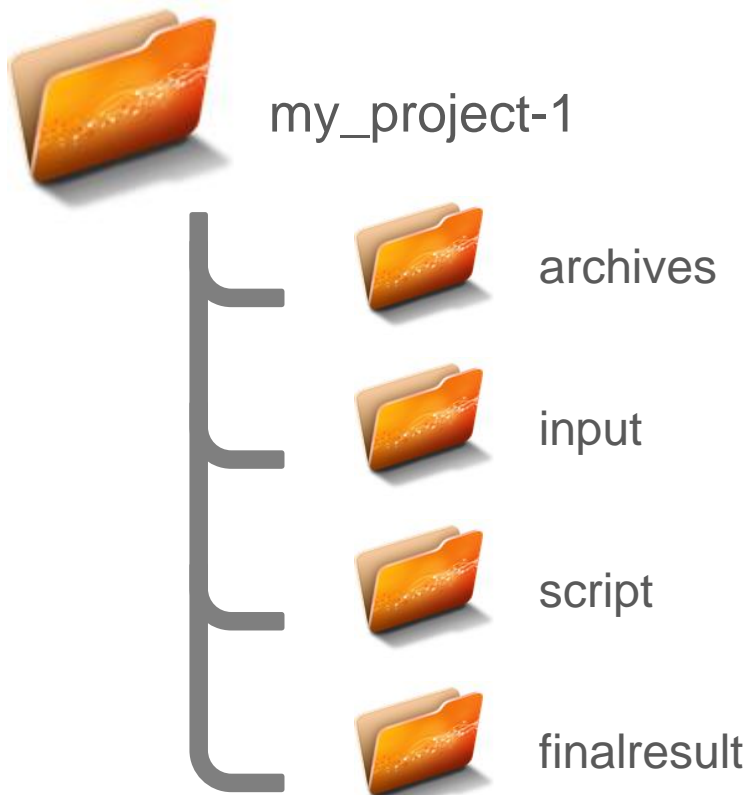
- Structuration:
  - by user
- Shared between all nodes
- Available from outside

## Each project needs to have particular folders:





## Each project needs to have particular folders:

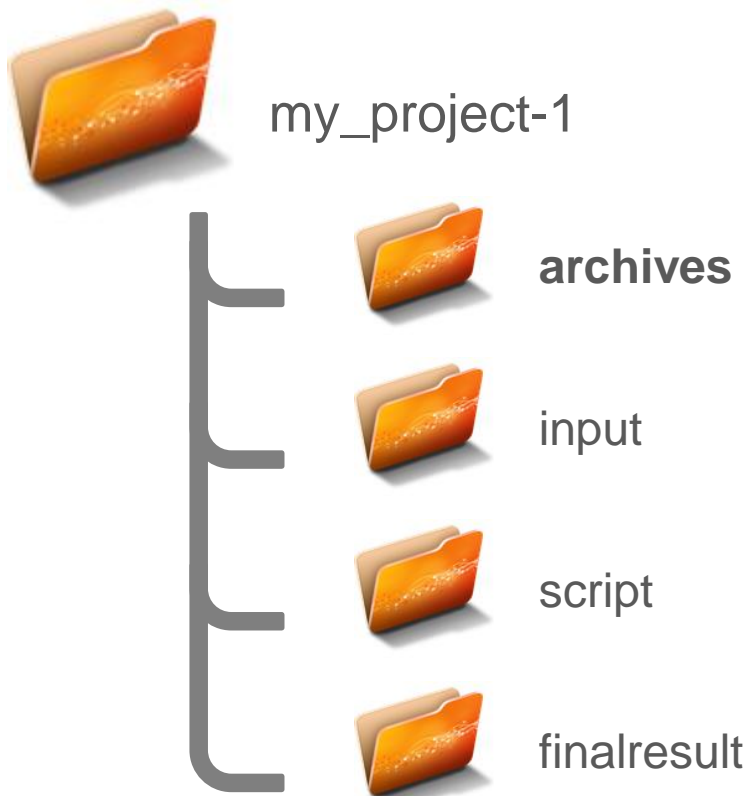


**Backup system: by inclusion.**

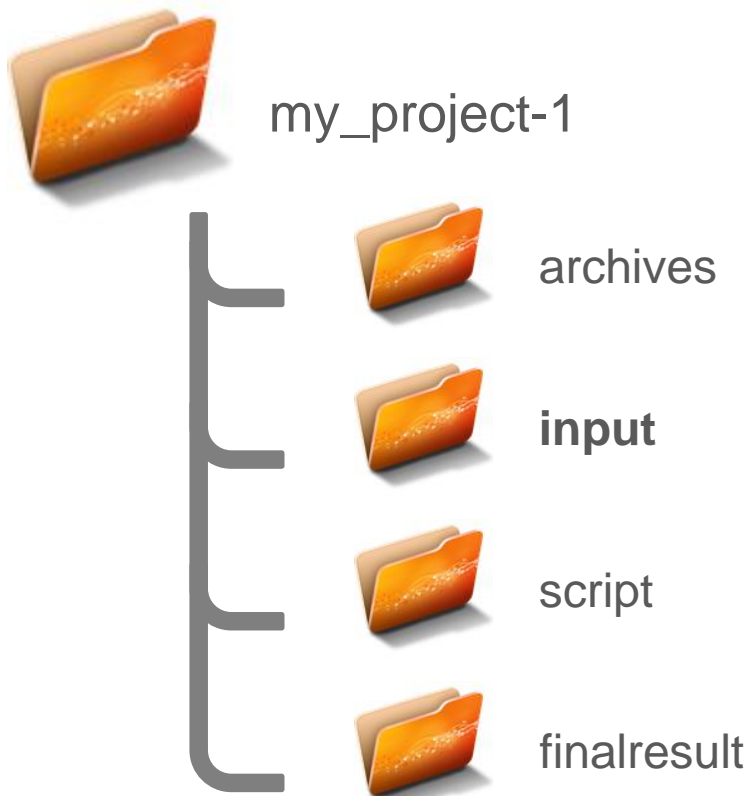
Only these folder are saved:

- **finalresult**
- **script**
- **archives**

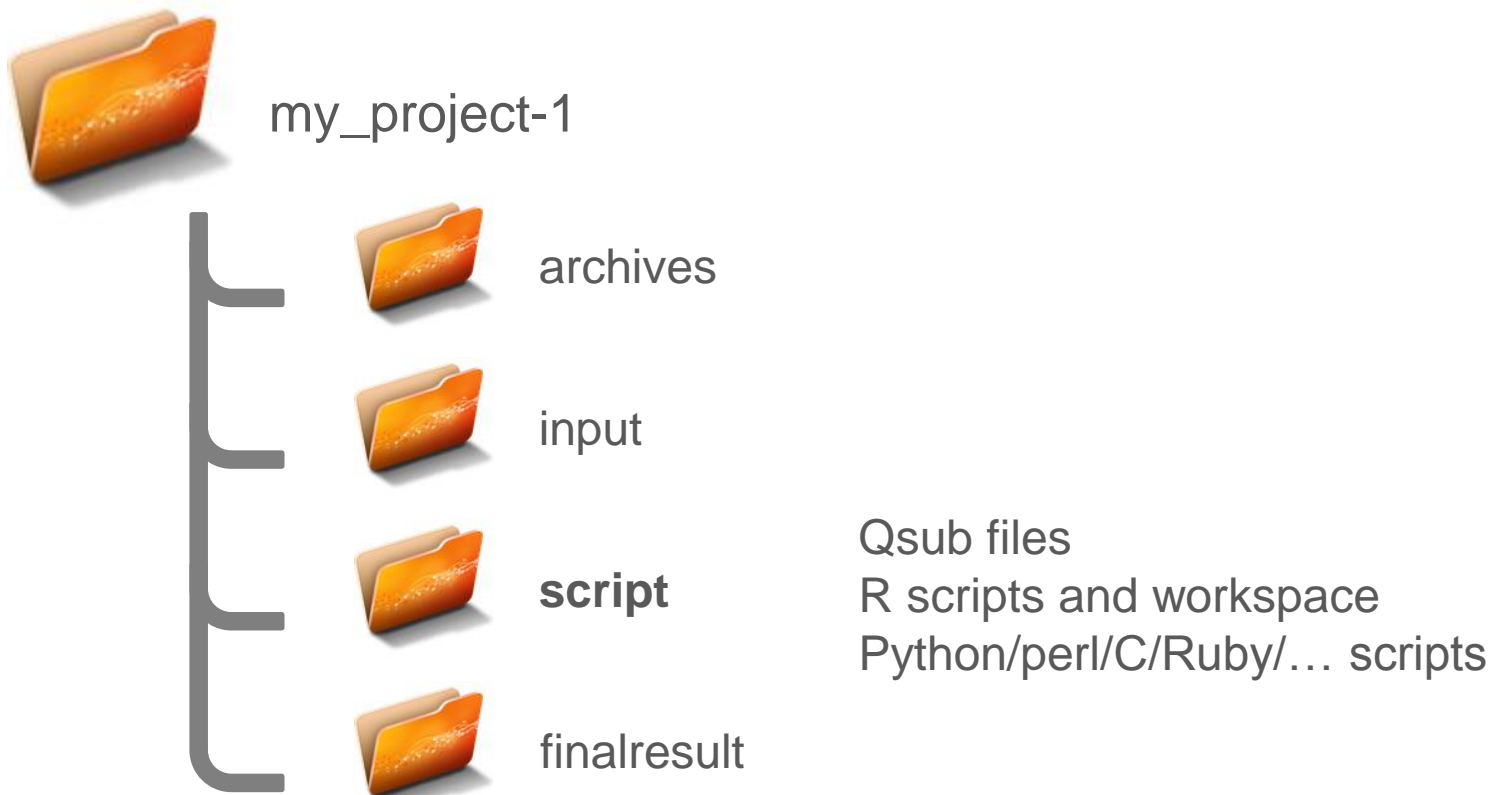
**Pay attention to typo! Case sensitive**

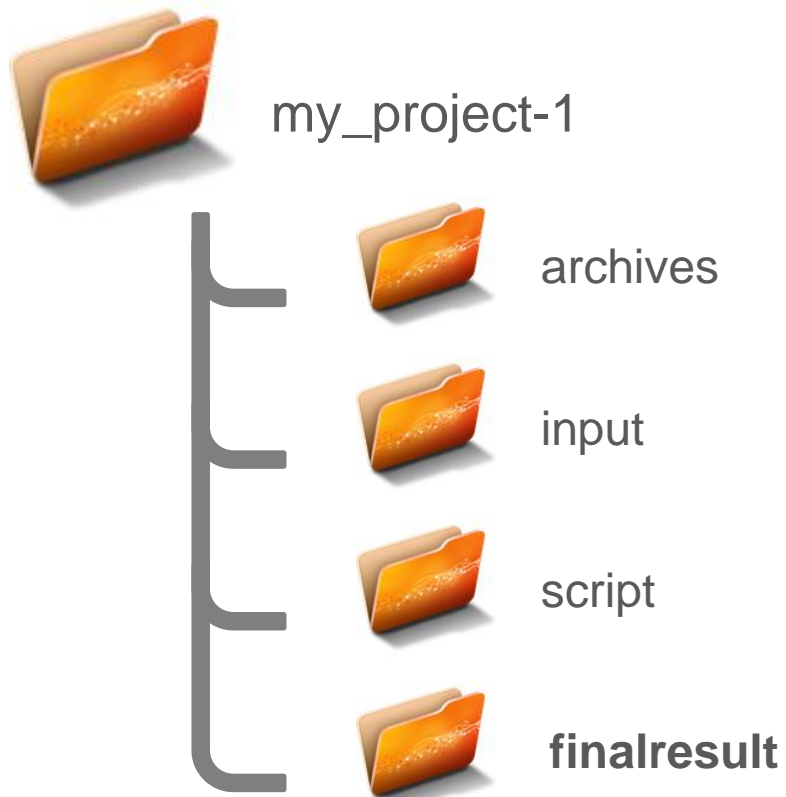


Original data sources.  
Rarely used, only for archiving.  
E.g. Raw data from sequencing (Sanger, DNA-seq, RNA-seq, etc)



Data used as input file for analysis  
E.g. Cleanded data from sequencing,  
fasta files, etc





Results of analysis that need to be conserved.

- No particular structuration
- Don't forget this:
  - **All files older than 30 days are automatically deleted** (based on the last modification date)



**Regularly, check the volume of my project to prevent saturation. The storage is not by user, but by team...**

```
$ df -h . #report filesystem disk space usage
Sys. de fich.      Tail. Occ. Disp. %Occ. Monté sur
cfs1:/projet/umr8227/ga  1,4T  651G  658G  50% /projet/umr8227/ga
```

```
$ cdscratch
```

```
$ du -sh * #size of each file/folder -> who is the biggest?
```

```
68G    assembly
341G   pagit
3,8G   remapping
12K    cache_tmp
17M    chr_similarity
1008M  galaxy_dataset
669M   metrics
2.1M   Tes
```

```
$ du -sh assembly/*
```

```
11G    assembly/transcriptome_V1
9.8G   assembly/transcriptome_V2
48G    assembly/trinity
```



## Compress your data!

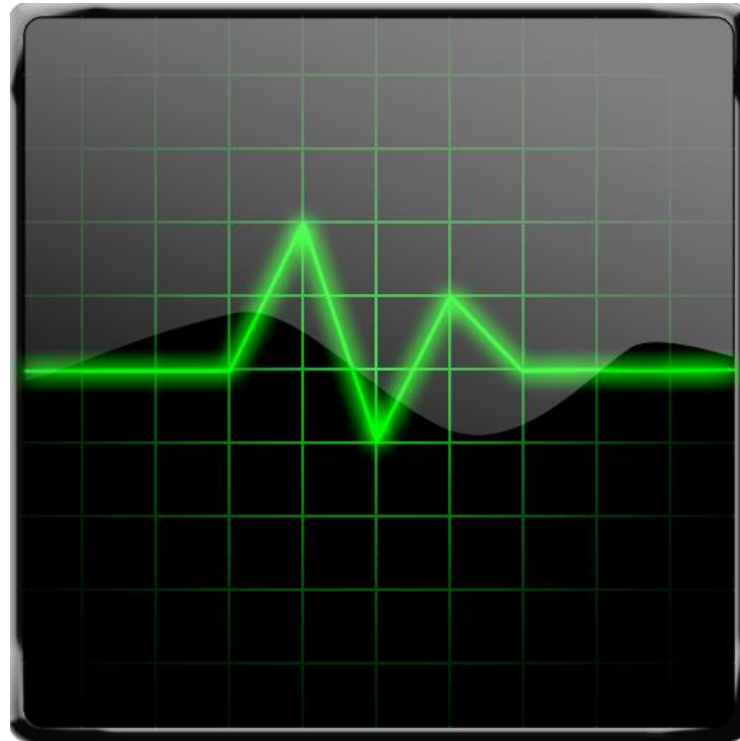
```
$ ll -h
-rw-rw-r--+ 1 acormier   ga  26G mars  8 08:16 140220_SND393_B_L006_GPO-12_R1.fastq
-rw-rw-r--+ 1 acormier   ga  26G mars  8 08:16 140220_SND393_B_L006_GPO-12_R2.fastq

$ gzip 140220_SND393_B_L006_GPO-12_R1.fastq
$ gzip 140220_SND393_B_L006_GPO-12_R2.fastq

$ ll -h
-rw-rw-r--+ 1 acormier   ga  7,7G mars  7 12:25 140220_SND393_B_L006_GPO-12_R1.fastq.gz
-rw-rw-r--+ 1 acormier   ga  7,9G mars  7 12:29 140220_SND393_B_L006_GPO-12_R2.fastq.gz
```

Some softwares are capable to use directly compressed data  
(TopHat2, Trimmomatic,...)





How to use the cluster?

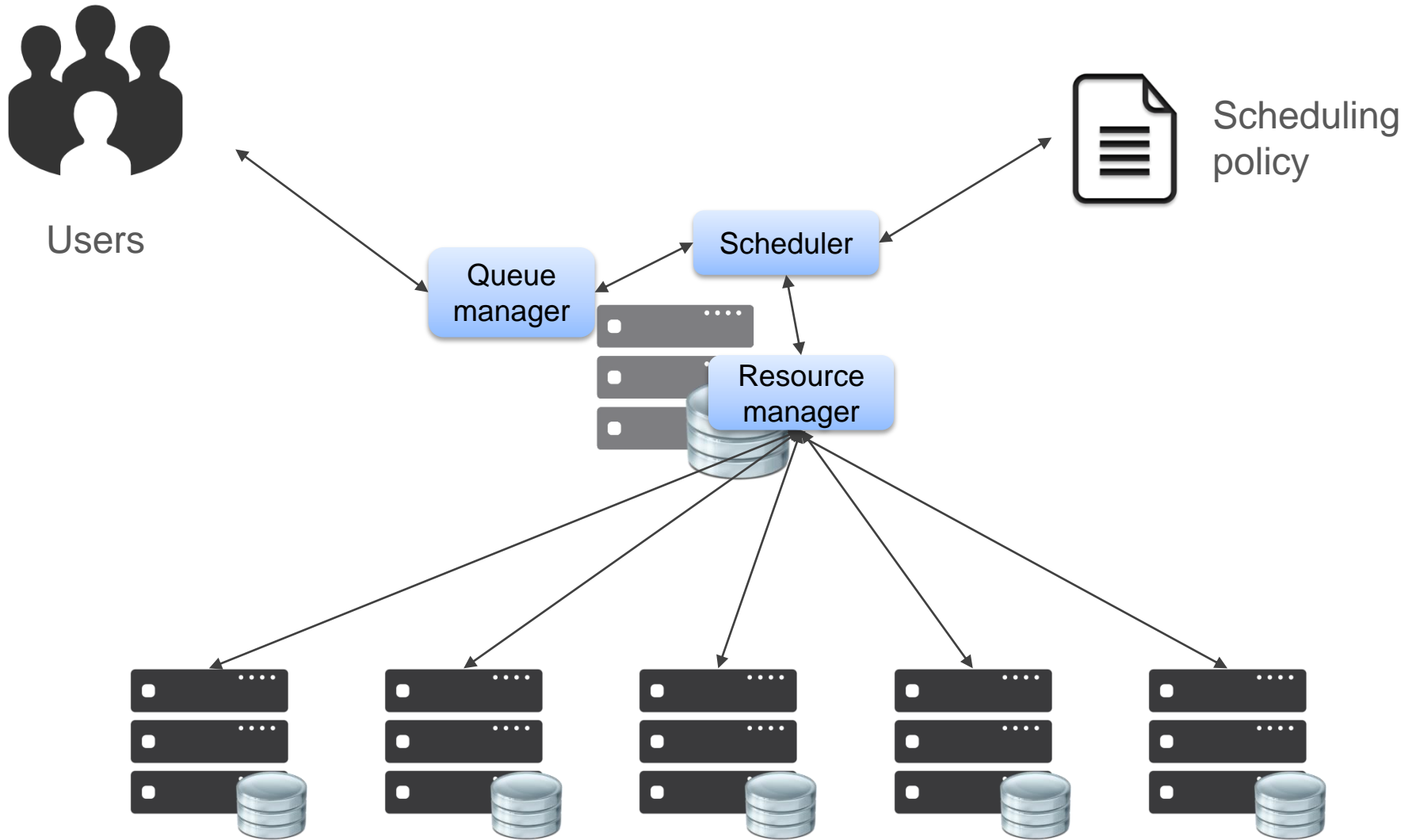
- Applications (x700)
  - /usr/local/genome2/
    - Localisation of all software available on the cluster
    - Soon: a list of all tools
  - /usr/local/genome2/script/
    - Scripts developed by people of the SBR
    - Just send an email to [support.abims@sb-roscoff.fr](mailto:support.abims@sb-roscoff.fr) if you want to share your scripts
- The software components are shared:
  - One installation in a unique place
  - Request to add or update: [support.abims@sb-roscoff.fr](mailto:support.abims@sb-roscoff.fr)

- /db/
  - Public databank:
    - NCBI
    - GenBank
    - UniProt
    - InterPro
    - Etc
  - SBR databank
    - Start with the prefix “sbr\_”
    - Description of these databank is currently in progress

- Sun Grid Engine (SGE)
  - Scheduler in charge of the jobs management
  - User interface for submitting and controlling jobs
- Task scheduling
  - Resources allocation
  - Nodes load
  - Priority
- Management policy and resource sharing
  - CPU / Memory
  - Execution time
- Reporting and errors
  - History
  - Usage statistics



- Job == user application
- There are several types of jobs:
  - Batch (script)
  - Interactive
- Serial vs parallel
  - Serial: only need 1 processor
  - Parallel: require more than 1 processor



- Slots
  - Number of jobs allowed on one node
- Job
  - Task unit
- Queue
  - Type of resources (node groupe, execution time...)
- Priority
  - **Fair Share** : calculated on 1 week → sliding window

- Queues

- **short.q** : priority +++ → 12h → 50% of resources

- **long.q** : priority ++ → 10j → 50% of resources

- **infinite.q** : priority + → infini → 25% of resources

- **bigmem.q** : dedicated to jobs that use high quantities of memory

- **qlogin.q** : 48h – interactive job

Max load: 1,25

→ **By default, no queue!**



- @intel22
  - High memory
  - High parallelisation
- @bignode
  - High memory
  - Very high parallelisation
- @blade
  - Low memory
  - Low parallelisation

\$ `qstat -g c` #displays the available queues

CLUSTER QUEUE	CQLOAD	USED	RES	AVAIL	TOTAL	aoACDS	cdsuE
short.q	0.32	140	0	184	324	0	0
long.q	0.32	93	0	231	324	0	0
infinite.q	0.32	0	0	66	66	0	0
bigmem.q	0.60	20	0	20	40	0	0
qlogin.q	0.30	7	0	23	30	0	0
clc.q	0.28	10	0	38	48	0	0
formation.q	0.61	3	0	57	60	0	0
galaxy.q	0.72	0	0	140	140	0	0
galaxy1.q	0.33	0	0	72	72	0	0

The queues freely available:

- short.q
- long.q
- infinite.q
- qlogin.q → for interactive jobs

On request:

- bigmem.q : for jobs that require a lot of RAM
- clc.q : for CLC Assembly Cell

```
$ gghost #liste of all nodes
```

HOSTNAME	ARCH	NCPU	LOAD	MEMTOT	MEMUSE	SWAPTO	SWAPUS
n0	lx24-amd64	8	0.10	7.8G	841.7M	4.0G	81.6M
n60	lx24-amd64	8	0.03	31.5G	2.3G	1.0G	656.0K
n61	lx24-amd64	8	0.03	31.5G	350.3M	1.0G	180.0K
n62	lx24-amd64	8	1.32	31.5G	208.5M	1.0G	80.5M
n63	lx24-amd64	8	0.03	31.5G	1.8G	1.0G	72.2M
n64	lx24-amd64	8	1.00	31.5G	335.0M	1.0G	82.4M
n76	lx24-amd64	48	13.59	252.0G	22.4G	2.0G	28.5M
n77	lx24-amd64	48	11.12	252.0G	21.3G	2.0G	240.0K
n78	lx24-amd64	48	5.02	252.0G	22.4G	2.0G	58.8M
n79	lx24-amd64	48	37.07	252.0G	24.6G	2.0G	0.0
n80	lx24-amd64	32	22.14	126.0G	2.9G	1024.0M	11.0M
n81	lx24-amd64	32	32.02	126.0G	2.8G	1024.0M	0.0
n82	lx24-amd64	32	32.03	126.0G	2.8G	1024.0M	0.0
n83	lx24-amd64	32	32.02	126.0G	2.8G	1024.0M	0.0
n84	lx24-amd64	32	32.02	126.0G	3.1G	1024.0M	0.0
n99	lx24-amd64	40	24.00	1009.7G	238.6G	4.0G	107.6M

Allows to check load level on each node:

- Load level on the cluster

- `qhost`: available nodes and some indicators
- `qhost -j`: list of jobs on each node
- `qhost -q`: list of queues/slots on each node
- `man qhost`: help

\$ **qstat** #shows all jobs

job-ID	prior	name	user	state	submit/start at	queue	slots	ja-task-ID
1236477	0.50000	QLOGIN	wcarre	r	04/30/2012 15:10:26	long.q@n77	1	
1236479	0.50000	QLOGIN	wcarre	r	04/30/2012 15:11:12	long.q@n77	1	
1268627	1.00000	QLOGIN	balzano	r	05/03/2012 09:39:24	long.q@n74	1	
1302170	0.06667	alpha0.sh	mrescan	r	05/06/2012 12:05:48	long.q@n64	1	
1302173	0.06667	alpha3.sh	mrescan	r	05/06/2012 12:06:18	long.q@n72	1	
1302174	0.06667	alpha4.sh	mrescan	r	05/06/2012 12:06:33	long.q@n70	1	
1302175	0.06667	alpha5.sh	mrescan	r	05/06/2012 12:06:43	long.q@n63	1	
1302261	0.06667	alpha6.sh	mrescan	r	05/06/2012 12:07:03	infinite.q@n60	1	
1314908	0.21765	evol.sh	ablanckaert	qw	05/07/2012 10:04:39		20	
2216309	0.00045	sgc_blastn	gfarrant	qw	05/23/2013 14:43:03		1	69-2379:1

- Prior: priority level
- State
  - r: running
  - qw: pending
  - Eqw: in error
- Slots: cores used
- Ja-task-ID: job array

- Interactive mode: qlogin
  - Short job and/or development
  - Prerequisite: none
  - Note: **disconnect you at the end of the session**
- Batch mode: qsub
  - Heavy jobs
  - Prerequisite: text editor
  - One script per job

**n0 (master node) never should be used for computing!**

- Connexion on:
  - A queue: `qlogin -q qlogin.q`
  - A node : `qlogin -q qlogin.q@n72`
  - A group : `qlogin -q qlogin.q@@blade`

```
$ qlogin -q qlogin.q
```

```
Your job 2217414 ("QLOGIN") has been submitted  
waiting for interactive job to be scheduled ...  
Your interactive job 2217414 has been successfully scheduled.  
Establishing /opt/sge/qlogin.sh session to host n78 ...  
Last login: Mon Apr 15 10:22:01 2013 from n0.sb-roscoff.fr
```

```
@n78$ cdprojet
```

```
.  
<my test>
```

```
.  
@n78$ exit
```

```
Connection to n78 closed.  
/opt/sge/qlogin.sh exited with exit code 0
```

```
$
```

- Progress:
  - Script edition
  - Choose the right queue
  - Submitting → Execution → Results
- Edition
  - In command line: vi, vim, nano...
  - In graphic mode: gedit, kate...



1. Prepare script of executable commands
2. Submit to batch system (returns a job ID)
3. Use the job ID for job control (query status, cancel, ...)
4. Check the job status (no execution error)

# 1. Prepare script of executable commands

It's always the same structure

```
Header { #!/bin/bash
        $$ -S /bin/bash
        $$ -M acormier@sb-roscoff.fr
        $$ -m bea
        $$ -V
        $$ -cwd
cmd lines { blastall -p blastp -d nr -i query_1.fa -o blastout_1.txt
           blastall -p blastp -d nr -i query_2.fa -o blastout_2.txt
```

Essential for qsub:

- The header:
  - Shell path
  - -S : path to shell (for SGE)
  - -m b|e|a|s|n|...: send mail at beginning|end|...of the job
  - -M: E-mail address for notification
- The command line(s)

# 1. Prepare script of executable commands

```
#!/bin/bash
#$ -S /bin/bash
#$ -M acormier@sb-roscoff.fr
#$ -m bea
#$ -V
#$ -cwd
#$ -q short.q
#$ -pe thread 2

blastall -p blastp -d nr -i query_1.fa -o blastout_1.txt
blastall -p blastp -d nr -i query_2.fa -o blastout_2.txt
```

Optionnal for qsub:

- The header:
  - -q queue
  - -p priority
  - -P name of project
  - ...

## 2. Submit to batch system (returns a job ID)

```
$ qsub -q short.q blast.sh
```

```
Your job 2217418 ("blast.sh") has been submitted
```

```
$ qsub -q short.q@n60 blast.sh
```

```
Your job 2217419 ("blast.sh") has been submitted
```

```
$ qsub -q short.q@@blade blast.sh
```

```
$ qsub -q short.q -pe thread 2 blast.sh
```

```
$ qsub -q short.q@bignode -pe thread 20 blast.sh
```



```
Job 1236477 (tophat.sh) Started  
User    = acormier  
Queue   = long.q  
Host    = n77  
Start Time = 05/25/2013 13:30:39
```

- -q : select a queue
- @ : select a node
- @@ : select a group
- -pe : parallelisation (thread / MPI)

```
$ qsub blast.sh
```

```
Your job 2217418 ("blast.sh") has been submitted
```

If options are defined in the script

- The choice of the queue is subject to several criteria

...

- Job duration:

- <12h → short.q
- 12h > job > 10j → long.q
- > 10j → infinite.q

- Thread number:

- < 6 → all nodes
- > 6 → @bignode, @intel22

- RAM

- < 4Go → @blade
- > 4Go → @bignode, @intel22
- For huge amount of RAM → bigmem.q

- Tools:

- CLC Assembly Cell → clc.q

- ... But also rules, because you are not alone on the cluster!
  - **Work in the scratch directory**
  - Choose the more adapted queue (by default, used long.q)
  - Disconnect you from your qlogin

### 3. Use the job ID for job control (status,...)

```
$ qstat #shows all jobs
```

job-ID	prior	name	user	state	submit/start at	queue	slots	ja-task-ID
1236477	0.50000	QLOGIN	wcarre	r	04/30/2012 15:10:26	long.q@n77	1	
1236479	0.50000	QLOGIN	wcarre	r	04/30/2012 15:11:12	long.q@n77	1	
1268627	1.00000	QLOGIN	balzano	r	05/03/2012 09:39:24	long.q@n74	1	
1302174	0.06667	alpha4.sh	mrescan	r	05/06/2012 12:06:33	long.q@n70	1	
1302175	0.06667	alpha5.sh	mrescan	r	05/06/2012 12:06:43	long.q@n63	1	
1302261	0.06667	alpha6.sh	mrescan	r	05/06/2012 12:07:03	infinite.q@n60	1	
1314908	0.21765	evol.sh	ablanckaert	qw	05/07/2012 10:04:39		20	
2216309	0.00045	sgc_blastn	gfarrant	qw	05/23/2013 14:43:03		1	69-2379:1

- Prior: priority level
- State
  - r: running
  - qw: pending
  - Eqw: in error
- Slots: cores used

```
$ \qstat #shows my jobs
```

job-ID	prior	name	user	state	submit/start at	queue	slots	ja-task-ID
1236477	1.00000	tophat.sh	acormier	r	05/25/2013 15:10:26	long.q@n77	8	

### 3. Use the job ID for job control (status,...)

- `qstat`: shows all jobs (running, pending, error)
- `qstat -s r`: shows only running jobs
- `qstat -s p`: shows only pending jobs
- `\qstat`: shows only **my** jobs
- `qstat -g c`: list available queues
- `qstat -j <job id>`: informations about the job
- `man qstat`: help



### 3. Use the job ID for job control (status,...)

```
$ qdel 2217417 #deletion by the job-ID

acormier has registered the job 2217417 for deletion

$ qdel -f 2217418

acormier has registered the job 2217418 for deletion

$ qdel -u acormier #deletion by user name

acormier has registered the job 2217419 for deletion
acormier has registered the job 2217420 for deletion
acormier has registered the job 2217421 for deletion
acormier has registered the job 2217422 for deletion
```


Job 2217424 (clc\_mapping\_info.sh) was killed by [acormier@n0.sb-roscoff.fr](mailto:acormier@n0.sb-roscoff.fr)



```
Job 2217424 (clc_mapping_info.sh) Aborted
Exit Status   = 137
Signal        = KILL
User          = acormier
Queue         = clc.q@n76
Host          = n76.sb-roscoff.fr
Start Time    = 05/30/2013 21:24:06
End Time      = 05/30/2013 21:24:08
CPU           = 00:00:01
Max vmem      = 75.023M
failed assumedly after job because:
job 2217424.1 died through signal KILL (9)
```



## 4. Check the job status (no execution error)



```
Job 1236477 (tophat.sh) Complete
User      = acormier
Queue     = long.q@n77
Host      = n77
Start Time = 05/25/2013 13:30:39
End Time  = 05/25/2013 17:39:00
User Time = 04:01:31
System Time = 00:06:02
Wallclock Time = 04:08:21
CPU       = 04:07:33
Max vmem  = 10.976G
Exit Status = 0
```

`<my_script>.e<job-ID>` : error file and/or progress bar

`<my_script>.o<job-ID>` : results, except if the program provides an option to output file.

And in multithreading mode:

`<my_script>.pe<job-ID>`

`<my_script>.po<job-ID>`

- Job-array: the idea is to split a job in a large number of sub-job
  - Very high load on the cluster
  - Problem with slot reservation
  - To prevent this problem:

**Job-array should be run only on short.q!**

1. Simple script
2. Multithread script
3. Job-array



# 1. My first script

- With graphic interface

```
$ cd script/ #qsub are stored in the "script/" folder
```

```
$ gedit mon_script.sh #if the file does not exist, it's created, else it's edited
```

- Efficient way: in terminal

```
$ vim my_script.sh #if the file does not exist, it's created, else it's edited
```

```
█  
~  
~  
~  
"my_script.sh" [new file]
```

# 1. My first script

```
#!/bin/bash
# Comments that start with '#$' are
# interpreted by SGE as directives

# Shell to use for the execution
#$ -S /bin/bash

# Notified user
#$ -M alexandre.cormier@sb-roscoff.fr

# Export all environment variables
#$ -V

# Notifying at the (b)egin, at the end , when (a)bort and
# when (s)uspend a job
#$ -m bea

# Launched the command in the current working directory
#$ -cwd
```

# 1. My first script

```
#!/bin/bash
#$ -S /bin/bash
#$ -M alexandre.cormier@sb-roscoff.fr
#$ -V
#$ -m bea
#$ -cwd

echo ""
date
echo ""
echo "Job running on the node: "
hostname
echo ""
ls -lart
echo ""
echo "Job done - Check your email"
echo ""
```

# 1. My first script

- Launch `my_script.sh` on `long.q`
- Test options, and checking
  - Results in a other terminal
  - Cluster state
  - Jobs running



# 1. My first script

```
$ qsub -q long.q mon_script.sh
```

```
$ ll
```

```
-rw-r--r-- 1 acormier ga          474 mai 31 09:53 my_script.sh  
-rw-r--r-- 1 acormier ga           0 mai 31 09:53 my_script.sh.e2217433  
-rw-r--r-- 1 acormier ga       1538 mai 31 09:53 my_script.sh.o2217433
```

We get two new files:

- `<my_script>.e<job-ID>` : error file and/or progress bar
- `<my_script>.o<job-ID>` : results, except if the program provides an option to output file.

- Create a qsub script to launch a blastn with blastall
  - Blastall –help
  - Input file: insulin.fasta
- Parameters
  - -p blastn
  - -m 8
  - -e 1e-6
  - -v 5
  - -b 5
  - -d /db/blast/all/nt
- Tips
  - keep in mind that your project directory is structured (input, scratch, script...)

# 1. Blast script

```
#!/bin/bash
#$ -S /bin/bash
#$ -M alexandre.cormier@sb-roscoff.fr
#$ -V
#$ -m bea
#$ -cwd

INPUT="/projet/umr8227/ga/acormier/input/insulin.fasta"
OUTPUT="/projet/umr8227/ga/acormier/tmp/blast/insulin.blast"
DATABASE="/db/blast/all/nt"

blastall -p blastn -o $OUTPUT -i $INPUT -d $DATABASE -m 8 -e 1e-6 -v 5 -b 5
```

```
$ qsub -q short.q qsub_blastn.sh
```

```
Your job 2217418 ("qsub_blastn.sh") has been submitted
```

- Need to add 2 arguments:
  - 1 argument in the script defined by the software
  - 1 argument to submit during the qsub or in the script
  
- Redo the blast un multithread mod

```
-Q Query Genetic code to use [Integer]
  default = 1
-D DB Genetic code (for tblast[nx] only) [Integer]
  default = 1
-a Number of processors to use [Integer]
  default = 1
-O SeqAlign file [File Out] Optional
-J Believe the query defline [T/F]
  default = F
-M Matrix [String]
  default = BLOSUM62
```

## 2. Multithread script

```
#!/bin/bash
#$ -S /bin/bash
#$ -M alexandre.cormier@sb-roscoff.fr
#$ -V
#$ -m bea
#$ -cwd

INPUT="/projet/umr8227/ga/acormier/input/insulin.fasta"
OUTPUT="/projet/umr8227/ga/acormier/tmp/blast/insulin_results.txt"
DATABASE="/db/blast/all/nt"

blastall -p blastn -o $OUTPUT -i $INPUT -d $DATABASE -m 8 -e 1e-6 -v 5 -b 5 -a 2
```

```
$ qsub -q short.q -pe thread 2 qsub_blastn.sh

Your job 2217418 ("qsub_blastn.sh") has been submitted
```

**The CPU/thread/core value in the script and in the qsub must be identical!**

```
#!/bin/bash
#$ -S /bin/bash
#$ -M alexandre.cormier@sb-roscoff.fr
#$ -V
#$ -m bea
#$ -cwd
#$ -q short.q
#$ -pe thread 2
```

- Example of argument to define the thread value:
  - TopHat: -p / --num-threads
  - Bowtie2: -p / --threads
  - Trinity: --CPU
  - CLC Assembly Cell: --cpus
- Multithreading is not possible with all software

**Problem:** a large number of jobs to run and they are largely identical in terms of the command to run.

For example, you may have 1000 data sets, and you want to run a single program on them.

**Naive solution:** generate 1000 shell scripts, and submit them to the cluster.

**Best solution:** on SGE systems – array jobs. The advantages are:

- You only have to write one shell script

*One Script to rule them all, One Script to find them,  
One Script to bring them all and in the darkness bind them*

## 4. Job-array: Example

```
$ ls
```

```
sctg_129-134.EctsiV2_prot_27052015.fasta  
sctg_338-352.EctsiV2_prot_27052015.fasta  
sctg_7-8.EctsiV2_prot_27052015.fasta  
...
```

n fasta files (proteins), with different names but the same extension (.fasta) and I need to make the same analysis == InterproScan

### 1. Create the main structure

```
#!/bin/bash  
#$ -S /bin/bash  
#$ -M acormier@sb-roscoff.fr  
#$ -V  
#$ -m bea  
#$ -cwd
```

```
OUT="/scratch/umr8227/ga/acormier/iprscan/ectsi_v2.prot/"
```

```
/opt/6.x/interproscan/interproscan.sh -i $INPUT -t p -d $OUT -f xml -iprlookup -goterms
```



## 2. Add job-array options

```
#!/bin/bash
#$ -S /bin/bash
#$ -M acormier@sb-roscoff.fr
#$ -V
#$ -m bea
#$ -cwd

INPUT=`ls ectsi_v2.prot/*.fasta | awk "NR==$SGE_TASK_ID"`

echo -e `date '+%y%m%d-%H:%M'` "\t"$SGE_TASK_ID"\t"$INPUT >> qsub_array_files.tab

OUT="/scratch/umr8227/ga/acormier/iprscan/ectsi_v2.prot/"

/opt/6.x/interproscan/interproscan.sh -i $INPUT -t p -d $OUT -f xml -iprlookup -goterms
```

## 2. Add job-array options

```

#!/bin/bash
#$ -S /bin/bash
#$ -M acormier@sb-roscoff.fr
#$ -V
#$ -m bea
#$ -cwd

INPUT=`ls ectsi_v2.prot/*.fasta | awk "NR==$SGE_TASK_ID"`

echo -e `date '+%y%m%d-%H:%M'`"\t"$SGE_TASK_ID"\t"$INPUT >> qsub_array_files.tab

OUT="/scratch/umr8227/ga/acormier/iprscan/ectsi_v2.prot/"

/opt/6.x/interproscan/interproscan.sh -i $INPUT -t p -d $OUT -f xml -iprlookup -goterms
    
```

```
INPUT=`ls ectsi_v2.prot/*.fasta | awk "NR==$SGE_TASK_ID"``
```

Give a new file at each iteration of the variable \$SGE\_TASK\_ID

When \$SGE\_TASK\_ID==1; INPUT==sctg\_129-134.EctsiV2\_prot\_27052015.fasta

```
echo -e `date '+%y%m%d-%H:%M'`"\t"$SGE_TASK_ID"\t"$INPUT >>
qsub_array_files.tab
```

Give a file to make the link between the \$SGE\_TASK\_ID and the filename

# 4. Job-array: Example

## 3. Launch the job-array

```
$ qsub -t 1-`ls *.fasta | wc -l` -q long.q -sync no -tc 10 easy_array.qsub
```

It will define the \$SGE\_TASK range  
With 1000 files:  
-t 1-1000

Limits the number of  
jobs running at the  
same time (optional)

Standard blast: weak performances with big dataset against huge databases (nr, nt,...)

Solution: splitting your set of sequences in order to create a job-array:

- A way to parallelized blast

```
$ atomicblastplus -p blastn -i input.fasta -o myproject/tmp/blast/input_vs_nr -d
/db/blast/all/nt -e 1e-4 -n 100 --verbose

!!! This is Atomic Blast !!!

PROGRAM:
blastn: 2.2.28+
Package: blast 2.2.28, build Mar 12 2013 16:52:31

QUERY: insulin.fasta
DB: /db/blast/all/nt
OUTDIR: test

INFO: The query was splitted into 1 subfiles
INFO: SGE qsub script was written to test/qsub.insulin.atomic_blastn_vs_nt.sh
INFO: Running job-array on SGE...

CMD: qsub -q short.q -t 1-1 -tc 100 -sync yes -N at_blastn_insulin.atomic_blastn_vs_nt
test/qsub.insulin.atomic_blastn_vs_nt.sh
```

```
$ atomicblastplus -p blastn -i input.fasta -o myproject/tmp/blast/input_vs_nr -d
/db/blast/all/nt -e 1e-4 -n 10 --dont_wait --verbose
```

